TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: BY WAIL OR AT THE BUSINESS OFFICE. DELIVERED BY CARRIERS IN THE CITY AND Bemi-Weekly..84. | Weekly.......

Owing to the holiday yesterday, we have no regular quotations from New York. Gold sold on the streets at 110@110%.

THE LYNCHING OF DAVID JONES. No one is surprised that the Radical politicians are attempting to make political capital out of the killing of David Jones by the mob on the night of the 25th. This Jones, a Republican in politics, a notorious burglar, on the night of the 23d burglariously entered the store of Mr. Henry Murray, an old and esteemed citizen, also a Republican, After robbing Mr. Murray, Jones shot and killed him. For this Jones richly deserved death. He was arrested and imprisoned in the county jail. The Sheriff of licans.

The facts connected with the lynching of Jones are fully set forth in the communiand Jailor Shelton, which we publish this morning.

nessee Tribune, devotes nearly two columns which is misrepresentation, to be used for ington. political effect, first in the pending Connecticut election and subsequently as occasion may require. The Tribune says it was known all day Monday "to the people of the city" that there was imminent canger of mob violence. If this was known to the people, it must have been known to the Tribune, and it is passing strange that this spasmodic champion of law and order did not convey or cause this knowledge to be conveyed to the Republican sheriff and jailer who had the prisoner under their charge. Was the Tribune silent because it people of the city" knew, or was it because it was willing to have Jones murdered alleged statement of a man now dead. by the mob that it might thereby have an bayonet rule in the South?

The Tribune says "the mob began collecting in front of the Maxwell House' where the Governor resides; "their purpose was openly declared. No concealment seems to have been attempted." If all this Woods' testimony, the Committee adbe true, it is wonderful that no one but the Tribune should be informed of it. It is astonishing that some one of the guests or Investigation of the War Department. visitors of the Maxwell that night did not hear anything of this. The Tribune prothe Union and American under whose that we never had any information of "the maddened crowd," which, according to the of mob violence until the alarm bell was

ger that the negro who killed old man would have caused us to bitterly oppose this exhibition of it. There is no doubt that Jones, so far as he is concerned, richly deserved the punishment he received. Still that is no justification for the action of the moh. The offence which they committed was not against Jones, but against the majesty of the law, without the strict preservation of which the innocent are equally in danger with the guilty. They have brought | had been passed by the Committee on War gloom and sorrow to a whole community by their violence. They have done a wrong to society which is irreparable. But their crime is not greater than that of the Tribune in its attempt to officially Ku-Klux a whole tection for the rights of the citizens.

CONGRESSIONAL.

From the Athens Post. Already there are rumors of a number of disclose it. He did not say yes or no. aspirants for Congressional honors, though the bill redistricting the State has hardly been perfected. In the First district we having had communication with French hear mentioned the names of ex-President | officials. Johnson, ex-Gov. Senter, Col. John Netherland, Col. Jim White, Hon. R. R. Butler, knew. and Maj. Pettibone. In the Second, Col. Caldwell, Esq., Col. John Baxter, Col. We don't mean that these gentlemen are all | or private persons about the matter. aspiring, but that their names are being mentioned in connection with the Congressional election. Col. Baxter, it is thought, a year ago he gave the names of will run as an independent candidate in opposition to the Democratic nominee.

In this (the Third) district, the subject has not been broached, though we presume cept the candidacy.

Easter Eggs.

extract from Scribner's Monthly is timely First, then, you select your dyes-vegetable or wood dyes they should be, blue, crimson, yellow, according to fancy-and procuring a small portion of each from a druggist, you place them in separate ves- galls mentioned in the Remington investigasels. Then dropping the egg into hot water for a few moments, you draw on the shell please-names, dates, leaves, crosses. The tallow prevents any discoloration in the the Cincinnati Gazette, a gentleman in spot it covers, so when the egg has been submitted to the boiling dye, the pattern ap- The information was furnished at that genpears in white on a tinted ground with very

pretty effect. Another method, more laborious but infinitely more artistic, is to dye the whole He did not recollect having given the er of the House, now Acting-Gov. Brewegg, and afterwards to scrape out the pat-tern with a sharp pen-knife. This way admits of a greater range of taste and skill than the other. The egg may be divided into compartments, each holding some tiny vignette, a landscape perhaps, or an angel or cupid, or a line of verse, with the date, all framed in solid, bright color. In old days, eggs treated after this fashion did duty | whether he knew of any Government offias valentines, and were frequently preserved in the after homes of the happy pairs, or cent in the sale of arms. each egg carefully enshined in a deep, stemmed wine-glass, through which the in- knowledge scription could be read without remov-

thin sheets of leaf gold, are beautiful things mittee all be knew. What was called the when mixed with others. A cheap way of "ring" always controlled matters outside making them is to use the dye of the furze | rather than inside. He had not taken the blossom, which is said to communicate a trouble to

fine vellow collor. Any boy or girl, clever at drawing, can to find out. produce, with little trouble, a variety of designs which shall have the added merit of originality. What could be prettier than a knot of Easter flowers, snow drops, violets, or lilles of the valley, painted in water color on the white shell, or sketched gracefully and lightly in sepia or India ink. Pencil drawings are singularly soft and pretty on the same pure back-ground, and, set with boiling water, are not easily defaced. A monogram in bright, illuminated tints and gold is also effective; in short, Great Britain and the United States for the there are a dozen charming fancies which fiscal year ending June, '73, has been prewill at once suggest themselves to the mind | pared at the Treasury Department: of any young artist who begins to think

for a book-keeper at \$700 per annum re- call, \$91,850,850; second call, \$10,479,250; Stack to the pastorate from which he was block at an exorbitant price, died yesterceived six hundred applications.

WASHINGTON.

Investigation of Navy Department.

WASHINGTON, March 29 .- The committee appointed to investigate alleged irregularities of the Navy Department met at noon. Secretary Robeson produced and read his original order directing payment of Secor claim in accordance with the report of the Board of Examination thereon which report was also put in as evidence. Bartlett, counsel for Dana, then examined John Lenthell, the witness who testified last night that he verified the order just read as one on which he had acted was not surprised when he received it. Such orders were not uncommon during his term of

Charles H. Baker sworn: Was on duty on the United States steamship Worcester on her cruise in March of last year. On her voyage from Boston to Plymouth, Engthe county is a Republican; the Jailor is a land, the quality of her coal was ascertained Republican, and their subordinates are Re- by him to be bad. It left a refuse of from 30 to 40 per cent. The usual amount of re-

fuse is from 16 to 25 per cent.

J. W. King, Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, was sworn and examined by cations of Mayor Morris, Sheriff Donaldson | Mr. Bartlett. Has been Chief of the Burean of Steam Engineering since March 15, The Radical organ in this city, the Tenlast report. So ordered by the Committee. Wm. Wood was sworn and testified that to a political tirade on this subject, much of he knew the late Simeon Johnson of Wash-

Mr. Bartlett in response to an inquiry stated that he proposed to show that John son was an agent of Secors for the collection of the claim which was paid by the Navy Department, and that Johnson employed and paid Wood money to go to New York, and with Secors devise means to prevent the disclosure of the true character of this claim which Johnson admitted to Wood was fraudulent.

Mr. Sargent opposed the introduction of mere hearsay testimony as contrary to all rules of evidence and unprecedented and

Mr. Archer suggested that the investigating committee of the House had extendwas ignorant of what it alleges "the ed the limits of testimony very widely but did not know whether evidence like this had ever been admitted in regard to the Mr. Blair suggested that proof was wantargument for a further continuance of ing of the fact that Johnson was really Se-Mr. Bartlett replied that he could adduce

documentary proof on that point by Mon-After some further discussion, no other witnesses being present and no decision being reached on the question of admitting journed until Monday evening.

The examination of Marquis De Chamceeds: "Not even the eloquent editor of brun was resumed before the Senate Arms Committee. The Marquis said that on the 26th of January F. W. Peck, for Remington windows the maddened crowd had gathered & Co., proposed to examine all books rehad anything to say dissuading them from the terrible crime." We have only to say that we represent had any information of "the \$10,000" for this purpose, but not to buy

M. Chambrun then proceeded to get at Tribune, had gathered under our window, his conversation with Senator Sumner, and and never heard an intimation or suspicion spoke of circumstances under which he gave the letter from Remington to Lecesne. Four or five days after this he handed Mr. umner a copy of a telegram from Squire Within ten minutes after that, informa- to Remington, stating that he (Squire) had tion was brought by our telegraph messen- great influences at work for him, and two or three days before Sumper introduced his resolution, the Marquis handed to him a Murray had been taken from the jail and letter from the Secretary of War to the Sechung to a lamp post. If we favored mob retary of State. He did not give these palaw under any circumstances, party policy pers to Sumner for the purpose of asking an investigation, and in no way directly or indirectly had he asked for one. The witness spoke to Senator Schurz in elation to the subject ten or twelve days

> there should be or that he desired an inves-When the telegram from Paris dated Feb. appeared witness went to Charge D' Affairs who expressed his surprise at it, and said if such a resolution as that referred to Contracts and had been sent to him to present to the government, he should not do so

before the resolution was introduced, nor

did he ask or suggest even remotely that

but give his government time to reconsider Mr. Hamlin asked whether the Marquis knew of any person who communicated with the government or individuals in people who revere the law as the only pro- France, stating there would be,or that they expected there would be, an investigation

into the sale of arms. The Marquis replied, if any person had so acted, as an official matter he could not Mr. Schurz asked whether the Marquis knew of any Senator of the United States

The Marquis replied, not so far as he

Mr. Schurz asked whether the Marquis C. M. McGhee, Col. John Williams, Alf. knew of any persons holding official positions in this country, who have had com-Combs, and Col. Garrett, are spoken of. munications with the French government The Marquis replied that he did not know and in further examination said that about

Gen. Ingails and C. K. Garrison as being implicated in the sale of arms. The Marquis then stated a conversation between himself and the Secretary of War it will not be a very difficult matter to find related to Gen. Ingalls. Senator Patterson some one at the proper time willing to ac- had previously mentioned the name of Ingalls to the Secretary, the Marquis having given the Senator the information about Ingalls calling at the French Legation To-morrow is Easter, and the following | The Secretary informed the Marquis that he was perfectly willing to take action in regard to Ingalls but wanted the Marquis to refer charges. Ingalls had boasted his inuence with the authorities here and the Marquis had often heard the name of In-

In reply to Hamlin, the Marquis said he with a piece of tallow any design you had furnished information to Gen. Boynton. Gen. Boynton is the correspondent of whose discretion he had great confidence. tleman's request. The papers he gave to the correspondent were copies of those with which he had furnished Senator Sumner.

names of the four persons whom he beijeved to be implicated in the transactions. re-nomination of President Grant and F. W. Peck, H. G. Reed, C. K. Garrison, the legal head of the party in this State; also the names of the book-keeper of E. stated he regarded Gov. Warmoth as now

1165868. Senator Hamlin asked the Marquis cial who had improperly received a dollar The Marquis replied not of his own

Senator Hamlin asked him whether be had any such suspicion. "Golden" eggs, which are covered with The Marquis replied he had told the com-

Wade in the Mire and Mud

but nothing definite was elicited. The committee adjourned until Monday.

Radicalism as Costly as Monarchy.

Only One Per Cent Difference in Taxes! The following comparative statement of the estimated receipts and expenditures of

Receipts of Great Britain, \$362,516,000; upon the subject, and we advise such by all | receipts of the United States, \$350,000,000; expenditures of Great Britain, \$345,334,-A New York paper asserts that there are more book-keepers than books in that city, in proof of which it cites the fact in that city, in proof of which it cites the fact in that city, in proof of which it cites the fact in that city, in proof of which it cites the fact in that city, in proof of which it cites the fact in the content of the United States, \$2,192,380,997. The amount of Characteristics of the United States, \$2,192,380,997. The amount of Characteristics of the United States, \$2,192,380,997. The amount of Characteristics of the United States, \$2,192,380,997. The amount of Characteristics of the United States, \$2,192,380,997. The amount of Characteristics of the United States, \$2,192,380,997. The amount of Characteristics of the United States, \$2,192,380,997. The amount of Characteristics of the United States, \$2,192,380,997. The amount of the Unit that a dry goods merchant who advertised bonds redeemed to date is as follows: First the lower court which restored Fither third call, \$4,887,500.

POLITICAL.

The Rounds of Radical Corruption. The Connecticut Election on Monday.

Counting Chickens. NEW HAVEN, CONN., March 20 .- Both Republicans and Democrats express confidence in their ability to elect their Governor on Monday by the popular vote, and to carry both branches of the Legisla-

The canvass of the Republican State Committee shows a fair gain on their vote of last year, and they say indications are more favorable than a year since. They estimate the temperance vote at less than 3,000, but admit that it may be larger, perhaps large enough to throw the election of Governor into the Legislature. Gov. Jewelt's re-election is estimated by Republicans generally by from 500 to 1,000 majority if their full vote is polled. The loss of one, perhaps two Republican Senators is antici-

The Democrats admit that their vote will fall off in New Haven and Hartford, but claim large increase in the smaller cities and country towns, and think the temperance vote will help them materially. The strength of the labor-reform party unknown, no figures having been made, but many predict that the result of the temperance and labor [reform movement will injure the Democrats more than the Republicans. Among sport-ingmen no bets are being offered on Hubbard or taken against Jewell, though the latter are freely offered with odds.

Manifesto of the New York Liberals.

Taxation for Revenue Only.

New York, March 29 .- The following will appear to-morrow in the Tribune, addressed to Col. Wm. M. Grosvenor, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Liberal Republican Convention of Missouri, now at Washington, D. C .- Sir: We, Republicans of New York, wish to express our concurrence in the principles lately set forth by the Liberal Republicans of Mis-souri. We make this departure from the ordinary methods of party action from a deep conviction that the organization to which we belong is under the control of those who will use it chiefly for personal purposes, and obstruct the free expression of epinion on the important matters which the gentlemen whom you represent laid before the people of the United States. We believe that the time has come when the political offences of the past should be pardoned; that all citizens should be protected in the enjoyment of the rights guaranteed them by the constitution, that federal taxation should be imposed for revenue and so adjusted as to make the burden on the industry of the country as light as pos-sible; that a reform in the civil service should be made which will relieve political action from the influence of official patronage; that the right of local self government,

he foundation of American freedom, should be reasserted and the encroachments of the federal power checked; and we also believe at this time a special duty rests on the people to do away with corruption in office. The exposures recently made in this State have brought to light evils which are not confined to one party nor single locality, and e dangers more formidable than any which the republic has yet encountered. With the hope that the movement begun in Missouri may spread through all the States and influence every political party, we accept the invitation to meet in National Mass Convention, at the city of Cincinnati, on the first Wednesday in May next, and we invite all Republicans of New York who agree with us, to co-operate in our action. Signed by Henry R. Selden, Horace Greeley, Frederick A. Conkling, Wm. Dorsheimer, Sinclair Tousey, Sigismund Kaufman, E. Kruckowizio, Ira O. Miller, Edwin R. Reynolds, Wm. H. Briggs, Charles W. Godard, Henry D. Lloyd, Wm. W. Goodrich, Waldo Hutchins, Hiram Barney, Freeman J. Fithian, George P. Bradford, Ben-

jamin A. Willis, Horace Bemis, Lewis Low-Comments of H. G.

The Tribune's editorial on the call, says: "The letter of certain New York Repubicans to Col. Grosvenor herewith printed, s the first unequivocal response from the East to the overture of the Liberal Republicans of the West for consultation at Cincinnati on Wednesday, May 1. Others will soon follow. There is no longer excuse for doubt that the Convention will be

held and be respectably attended. "We presume should any important action be taken at Cincinnati those present from each State would designate a portion of their number to cast the vote of that State in the Convention. But no one is excluded from attending and the invitation is so broad that many will doubtless be present who have not been invited. Cin-

cinnati proffers all a generous welcome. "Whether the convention will determine to put forth a declaration of principles, to present national candidates, or adopt some other form of appeal to the country, no one is entitled to forcast. Whatever it shall do or propose will necessarily derive all its force from its accord with public sentiment. This convention speaks with no anthority, claims no power but that which may be accorded to the intrinsic worth of its acts and its

declarations. The National Democratic Caucus. WASHINGTON, March 29 .- S veral Democratic members of Congress request the publication of the following paragraph: "The statement recently telegraphed from this city that, at a consultation here of prominent Democrats with Mr. Belmont, opposition to Judge Davis was expressed in without foundation whatever. The subject of preference for candidates was not dis-

cussed or referred to." The New Orleans Convention, COLUMBIA, March 29 .- The Colored State Convention met to-day and appointed Congressman Elliott and other delegates to the National Colored Convention of New Orleans. A delegate declared that the New Orleans convention must demand of the Republican party that a colored man be put in the National Cabinet. The proceedings were very noisy.

massachusetts Wilson. Boston, March 29.-Senator Wilson declines to preside over the State Convention at Worcester for the election of delegates to the Philadelphia Convention, Ex-Gov. Clifford will be invited to do so.

The Louisiana Row. NEW ORLEANS, March 29 .- The Speakster, made a speech last night favoring the The Marquis then gave the names of acknowledging the Packard Committee as Remington & Sons and others as wit- being without the pale of the Republican party, having distinctly read himself out in his Time's interview. He opposes the renomination or re-election of Warmoth. Brewster's action creates a stir among the

> The Michigan Impeachment. DETROIT, March 29 .- The Legislature adjourned to-day. The Senate will meet again as the Court Impeachment April 11, to try Commissioner Edmunds of the Land

The Pension Sharks. not due.

KENTUCKY.

Humphrey Marshall's Remains. morning to be deposited in the vault to had been left without food all day with a await future interment. The Bar will hold a meeting to-morrow this morning by the woman with whom it

day in respect to his memory. The Freedom of the Church.

suspended by the bishop.

THE PACIFIC SLOPE.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20 .- Gen Crook suspended the campaign against the Apaches on notice of Gen. Heward's mis- Important Statements - Vindication sion. The Indians are now masters of al most the entire country.

UTAH.

State Constitution Ratified-Talk of Civil War. SALT LAKE, March 20 .- The total vote

NASHVILLE UNION AND AMERIC

of the State constitution was 25,324, probably one-half of which were women The papers here are agitating the que tion of the possibility of a civil war in Utah as a result of admission. The Mormons deny and ridicule the idea.

of the Mormons in Utah for the ratification

NEW YORK.

Sickles and Spain. NEW YORK, March 20.-Gen. Sickles goes to Madrid April 15.

Good Friday was faithfully and religiously observed in churches in this city and Brooklyn. Business was for the most part suspended, and nearly all the public buildings were closed. crowded with large numbers. Although the stock exchange was closed a crowd of er out. I hastened to the police station bankers gathered on the sidewalks and sev- and at once gave orders that the police

passed a comfortable night. The physicians do not yet pronounce him out of dan-

NEW ORLEANS.

A Steamer Damaged 830,000. NEW OREANS, March 29 .- A dispatch ace this morning regarding the steamer City of Galveston was greatly exaggerated Only a small portion aft of her smoke stacks was burned. Half of the original cargo was damaged by water. Probable damage to the vessel and cargo \$30,000. ----

THE TURF.

Pool Selling at New Orleans. New ORLEANS, March 29 .- The Meairle races commence to-morrow. Tweny-two stables were represented in the pools -night, and horses sold in the order placed First race-Salina, Nellie Ransom, Sauce

Box, Stockwook, Hollywood, Goorge Wilkes and Creole Dance. Second race-Foster, Monarchist, Annie 3 and Pilgrim, and four in the field. Third race—Bayonet, Arizona, Conduc-or, John McDonald, Alice Magura, Wood,

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

ord, Hampton, Oaks and Sir Rufus.

The St. Louis and Southwestern Road are moving for an air line through Paris, Ky., to the Big Sanday, connecting with the Chesapeake and Ohio, thus giving a through line from St. Louis to the "Ole

Clevelanders report a man or boyfloating n a piece of ice out in Lake Erie. A tug has been sent to the rescue. We suppress as mutually contradicted a batch of telegrams from Omaha and Councll Bluffs, on the railroad situation. A crazy woman leaped from a Kansas train yesterday going 20 miles an hour, and escaped with a few scratches.

Gen. Hancock says there is no gold in the Black Hills, and if there were, he would protect the Hills as Indian property against avaricious adventurers. Two labor-reform speakers were arrested

at Wheeling Tuesday as confidence swindlers. It was a case of mistaken identity and they want to sue somebody, for dam-J. A. Thomas & Co., oyster packers of Baltimore, are indicted for frauds of \$300,-

firm of A. Thomas & Co. The Brooklyn small pox hospital rowded to overflowing. A Louisville man jumped from a street car yesterday and was killed by a locomotive on the Short Line.

000-no connection with the well known

The convention of ticket agents in Louisville have made a slight advance on the old The Georgia Bond Investigating Committee left Atlanta last night for New York Our Squadron in the West Indies duly

elebrated the natal day of the Emperor Wilhelm. Secretary Boutwell has raised the blockade on the Rio Grande.

FOREIGN. Mexican dates to 27th confirm the rebel e-occupation of Zacatecas and probable capture of Gen. Rocha. The Paris police have captured Sultz, a

leading incendiary under the Commune.

A YANKEE TRICK. A few days ago a well-known ship-broker of Boston related an incident of his business experience. A man one day entered his office with letters of introduction, proposing to charter a vessel to proceed to Coatzacoalcos river, in Mexico, and bring a cargo of dyewood to Boston. He produced a chart of the river, pointed out the exact spot where the wood would be found, and gave much interesting information in regard to the country and its productions, showing an intimate acquaintance with the business in hand. He remarked that if the first cargo of wood brought here should sell at a profit he would want to charter several vesels for the trade. A bargain was accordingly made with him, he was furnished with a vessel, in which he took passage and she proceeded to her destination. On arriving in the river near where the cargo was expected to be found, the dealer in dyewood nded and immediately struck for the woods, disappearing before the astonished eyes of the captain, and never was seen afterward. The truth was soon made apparent. The fellow being short of funds, and desiring to reach that country, which he evidently had visited before, had resorted to one of the best concocted plans ever matured by a rogue to obtain a free passage.

A PROMINENT CITIZEN ROBBED.

Consequences of Bad Company. A prominent citizen from one of the inteior counties arrived here yesterday evenng, and unfortunately went in bad comny. Meeting with a woman whom he had known in former days, he was induced to call round and make a short visit. Going into the ball of the house he met several fashionable gentlemen and two or three whom he ladies with more engaged in conversation. While a lady was "picking on the piano" in the parlor, his old acquaintance, whose name is Molly Brown, picked his pocket, taking \$81.00 in greenbacks, a gold ring and a railroad ticket worth \$6.50. Upon proper complaint to the police Molly was arrested and placed in the Workhouse. About \$23 of the missing money was found in her possession, a part of the rest having been given to a confederate, and the NEW YORK, March 29.—Francis Herma

been given to a confederate, and the been given to a confederate to a co has been arrested on the charge of present- fellow hailing from Louisville, and know- that could be made, and the lack of time and ing false vouchers to the Second Auditor of ing the pedigree of one of the three earlier knowledge of its existence and purthe Treasury for the purpose of defraud- men arrested yesterday for the alleged rob- pese alone prevented the entire overthrow shoals and part of the troupe having to He was further interrogated on the point, ing the Government out of pension money bery of Mr. Averett, offered his services as a friend to the unfortunate gentleman whom he advised to compremise by giving the woman \$10 and one of the policemen \$5. The police as soon as they heard of this went in search of this "friend," who LOUISVILLE, March 29 .- Gen. Hum- will be punished according to phrey Marshall's body has been embalmed law if eaught. A child, two and will be taken to Frankfort to-morrow months old, of Mollie Brown's, which

neighbor, was brought to the station house to express their regret at the death of Hum-phrey Marshall. The courts adjourned to-police. It cried all the way up College police. It cried all the way up College street, and the noise at that hour of the night caused some little inquiry as to its cause. It is thought the man proposing friendship is connected with the larceny of

the money.

THE LATE MOB.

Arizona Abandoned to the Apaches. Efforts Made to Preserve the Peace and Save the Prisoner.

of the City Authorities.

The following documents were presented

to the House of Representatives on Friday, by Representative Vaughn: MAYOR MORRIS' STATEMENT. MAYOR'S OFFICE, NASHVILLE, March

29, 1872. Hon. Hiram Vaughn, House of Representatives: Dear Sir—Fearing some uble might arise from the fierce indignaion engendered in the public mind by the deliberate robbery and murder of Mr. Murray, an old and highly respectable citizen, by one David Jones, colored, I gave orders to the police that, if they should see or hear anything indicating an intention to visit mob violence upon the prisoner, (who had been arrested and lodged in jail), they should inform the Captain of the police

and myself promptly.

The first intimation I had of anything uspicious, was information from a police man that an unusual number of people seemed to be about the Maxwell House, in the streets and elsewhere. I immediately started to the Mayor's office. On my way The weather was delightful and the streets I met a friend, who told me he was satisfied a mob was being formed to take the prisoneral millions of gold exchanged hands at be caffed in and sent to defend the 1101@110.

Prof. Morse be caffed in and sent to defend the jail. At the same time I sent a runner for Sheriff Donaldson. I directed the officer in command at the po-lice station, to tell the Sheriff when he should arrive, that I suggested the immediate removal of the prisoner to Ash Barracks, for safe keeping and protection, and if he should adopt my suggestion, to let the pelice escort him to that place of refuge. But not knowing whether the Sheriff would approve my suggestion, or, indeed, whether my messenger would find him, I felt bound to make assurance doubly sure; and therefore, taking a back, I rode rapidly to Ash Barracks, and made the following formal request of the commander, as that officer esired that I should make the application

> MAYOR'S OFFICE, NASHVILLE, March 25, 1872 .- To Msj. Vance, Commander it charge at Ash Barracks: Dear Sir-Appre ensive of a disturbance of the city's peace from threatening indications on the part of a large body of men to anticipate the ends of justice by forcibly taking from the county jail, a prisoner; and apprehensive that th city police force may be inadequate to the emergency, you will please have in readiness a detacement of the military, convenient to sustain the civil authorities, at the earliest practicable moment.

K. J. Morris, Mayor.

I besought the officer to move rapidly and quietly, as great haste was necessary, and as the sound of their approach might basten the violence of the mob. From the Barracks I went directly to the Maxwell House, and calling for Gov. Brown, informed him of what I had done-all of which he approved. His excellency started with me to he jail; but on our way thither we heard that the prisoner had been forcibly taken therefrom by the mob, but had, after he had hung but a little while on a lamp-post, been rescued by the city police, and carried to the stationhouse where medical aid was called, as he had been shot twice. The physicians, however, pronounced his wounds mortal. He was retained in the stationhouse until about daylight, and then returned to the

I have made this very brief statement in relation to the mob of the 25th, because some have taken it upon themselves, to reflect unjustly upon the county and municipal governments. You can use the paper as you think best. Your most obedient serv-IK. J. MORRIS, Mayor.

SHERIFF DONALDSON'S STATEMENT. Having observed with surprise a resolu ion introduced in the lower House of the General Assemby of the State, censuring the authorities of Nashville for their conduct before and during the late riot, in which the negro man, David Jones, for the murder of Henry Murray, was forcibly taken from the jail of our county by an armed mob, shot and attempted to be hanged, justice alike to truth and to the parties censured compell me to make the following statement of

After the incarceration of Jones in the jail of our county, public indignation, so far as I could learn by a free intercourse with cities. The following article appears in the the people seemed appeased in the certainty Post of the 27th: of punishment after conviction by the On the 23d of January the Ecening Pos courts, and notwithstanding, I had, during the entire day preceding the night of the riot,mingled freely with the citizens,I heard not the slightest intention of a proposed riot, my first information being the presence of a messenger dispatched by the Mayor of the city summoning me to his office with all possible haste to confer with the city authorities with reference to the best and speediest measures to be taken in preventing the riot, which, from demonstrations on the street, seemed imminent. I at once repaired with all possible haste to his office, when I was informed that the Mayor had hastened to the barracks of the United States troops, in the vicinity of Nashville to solicit their assistance of the civil authorities in preventing a riot. Before his return, and within five minutes after I reached his office, the crowd constituting the mob began moving toward the jail Whereupon, accompanied by Policeman E. F. Corbett, I followed hard after, hoping, if possible, to reach the jail before a breach had been effected, but the mob dered homeless by the fire. He subscribed

acted with such celerity that the prisoner had been dragged from his cell and the mob had reached the street with him when we came upon them. I desire to here explain the absence of the body of the police force, by the fact that it was be lieved that calling them in from their respective beats long before the expected arrival of troops, would accelerate the movement of the mob and possibly defeat the means rapidly organizing to overthrow it. Before starting for the jail the police force was signaled to repair at once to headquarters, but up to the moment the man had been suspended to the lamp-post but two or three policemen were on the ground, and their efforts, combined with my own, were fruitless against such an overwhelming force. At this moment I attempted to reach the man and cut him down, but was felled by a severe blow administered on the head by some person or persons engaged in the b. At this juncture seven policemen, all who had reached the scene, formed in line and gallantly charged the mob, reaching the prisoner, who was cut down by policeman E. F. Corbett, and was carried up to the police hall. At this moment three companies of infantry reported upon the scene, but, although acting with great promptness, their remoteness from the city ecluded the possibility of their arrival in time to render material assistance. Every praise, however, is due to them for the promptness and alacrity with which they responded to the request for their aid. In conclusion, I will add that the Mayor of Nashville, acted with as great promptness and presence of mind, and put forth the most determined efforts in the in terest of law and order possible to any man, and the police force engaged evinced promptness, determination and gallantry deserving

C. M. Donaldson. Sheriff of Davidson county, Tenn. JAHLER SHELTON'S STATEMENT. notified by Captain Yater, of the city police force, that there were indications of a mob, there was no possible chance to get force by the police and military.

protect the prisoner after the information given, as above stated, and had prepared to maining exhibitions. move the prisoner from the jail to a place Geo. A. Bigelow, of Chicago, who recently sold Uncle Sam the new custom house block at an exorbitant price, died yesterday.

Soon have lorce, that such steps were already taken to render me all assistance, which I know was true, from the fact of being so informed by the Captain of Police.

But the two policemen already spoken of could not have reached the station-house to-night. I cresons wisning to see all the curiosities in the mesagerie and to secure desirable seats, should go as soon as the desirable seats, should go as soon as the curiosities in the mesagerie and to secure which I know was true, from the fact of being so informed by the Captain of Police.

But the two policemen already spoken of could not have reached the station-house

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before the mob had arrived and were inside the entrance to the jail and had my keys in their possession. I did all I could and believe others did the same. I don't know of any place that any one can be blamed for dereliction of duty. JOHN M. SHELTON, Jailor.

March 28, 1872. REV. STUART ROBINSON.

His Suit for Libel—The Chicago Paper Rises to Explain. A short time ago we noticed the fact that Rev. Stuart Robinson had sued the Chicago Ecening Post for libel, laying his damages at \$100,000, in consequence of an item published in that paper charging him with having during the war, adocated spreading the yellow fever through the North by the shipment of infected clothing to Northern

ontained the following item: "Rev. Stuart Robinson, of Louisville who advocated from the pulpit, during the war, the shipping of yellow-fever-infected clothing to Northern cities, parrowly escaped death from smallpox last week. This appeared in the "Personal and Impersonal" column. Since its publication we have made careful inquire as to the facts and the person referred to, and now feel able to speak intelligently in reference to both. The item, to the best, of our knowledge, originated from the testimony of the note rious Sandford Conover, and is utterly without foundation in fact. The Rev. Stuart Robinson is a Presbyterian clergyman of national reputation, residing at Louisville, Ky. For integrity, ability, and all those qualities of head and heart which adorn his profession, he stands second to few clergymen in the country. So far from entertaining malice or ill-will toward the Northern people, he was one of the first to respond to the wants of our citizens ren-

activity and influence, contributed materially to the amount of relief received from he city of Louisville. One of the objects of a libel suit, where he party is wrongly charged, and doubtless the only one in this case, is to vindicate character and repel the charge. We deem it, therefore, but an act of duty, without reference to the suit instituted by Mr. Robinson, or asking any conditions in regard to

personally one thousand dollars, and by his

t, to make reparation as fully as lies within the range of possibility. After the testimony of the notorious Conover, now, as we understand, in the penitentiary for perjury, the item referred to took form, and has since been going the rounds of the newspapers. Seeing it thus published, the writer in charge of the "Personal and Impersonal" column copied it into the Post. It was never seen by the responsible editor until after a suit for libel had been instituted by Mr. Robinson. It is the duty of a newspaper to expose and denounce wrong, in whatever station or profession it may be found, but no editor can supervise all the items which will creep into his columns. Injustice is thus some times done, but the Post has made it an invariable rule, voluntarily and without conditions, as far as possible to repair the

In this case, we are sincerely sorry for the ablication of this item. We take pleasure n retracting it, and, that no injustice may e done the party, we hope other papers which copied the item will give the retraction a circulation as extensive as the charges

The Circus Last Night. Backenstose's Circus pitched its tent in this city last night and the band had scarcepeople were entering the canvass. Owing of the mob and the vindication of the law. travel by land to the city the entertainment last night was not as brilliant and complete as will be those of to-day. Never since the ante-pellum days of I will state that from the time that I was Old Dan Rice, has there been such a crowd gathered Inside of a circus tent, as was at Backenstose's last night, and as the programme Will be more attractive to-day and enough to the jail to resist the mob. I am this evening by the addition of much which sure all efforts were made to assist me both | was unavoidaby omitted at the first performance, our citizens who love the arena I had taken all precaution that I could to of fun, mirth and show doings, will be re-

Backenstose is gaining as splendid of safety, and was waiting the arrival of reputation as was ever attained by other the Sheriff. Two of the city police had circus men in days past, and from the exjust left the jail, assuring me that I would | hibition given last night, we doubt not be soon have force; that such steps were al- deserves it. Persons wishing to see all the

JOHN P. WHITE. The Wholesale Clothing House



Has been removed to the South East corner of the Public Square, near the Suspension Bridge, Nashville, where they are now exhibiting their Mammoth Stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, to which they invite the careful inspection of Buyers, and can assure their Customers that, in addition to a Largely Increased Stock, they will find their Goods Relatively Very Low as compared with prices of Wool and Woolen Fabrics, our Goods having been bought on the basis of 55 cents for the former, which to-day readily commands 90 cents to \$1.00 in New York.

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Over twenty-five years' experience in this line of business, and receiving all goods direct from the most reliable houses in Europe and this country, and encouraged by the liberal support of the community and surrounding country (which is due to liberal charges, and principally to the purity at my Wines and Liquors), enabled me to open a first-class Wine House, on a larger scale as carried on for the past six years on Cedar Street. It is the only one of this kind in the city, and second to none (in regard to quality of stock) in the country.

In offering my Goods to the public in general,, I would call the attention of Families, Druggist and Physicians in particular, to my Fine Wines and Liquors for Medicinal purposes. & Every article is warranted as represented, and price marked on every bottle. Wine Room (Retail) No. 11 Cedar St., 2d door below his old place:

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